

## **National Park Service - Southwest Alaska Network**

## Inventory & Monitoring Program

## Understanding How Park Ecosystems Are Changing 2nd Biennial Long-term Monitoring Symposium

## Islands and Ocean Visitor Center, Homer March 6, 2007

Afternoon Presentations (Auditorium) 12:00-4:30 p.m. Presenter:		
12:00 12:30 <i>Under</i>	Film: Exploring the Biological Diversity of National Parks in Southwest Alaska Catered Lunch (Seminar Room 12:30-1:30 pm)  **rstanding the Past*	Jim Pfeiffenberger
1:30 2:00 2:30 3:00 3:30 4:00 4:30	Welcome and Introduction Forty years of change in glacial ice coverage at Katmai National Park & Preserve Reconstructing historic lake levels and timing of deglaciation Reconstructing historic insect outbreaks from tree rings Using satellites to monitor changes in snowcover, icecover, and vegetation History of active volcanoes in the SWAN and recent eruptions Dinner on your own (4:30-6:00 pm)	Alan Bennett Kimberly Casey Patricia Heiser Ed Berg Page Spencer Tina Neal
Evening Program (Auditorium) 6:00-8:30 p.m.		Presenter:
6:00 7:00	Poster presentation in seminar room, Hors d'oeuvres and desserts Keynote Presentation: That Was Then, This Is Now- A Century of Landscape Change in SWAN Parks as Revealed by Repeat Photography	Torre Jorgenson
Evening Poster Session (Seminar Room) 6:00-8:30 p.m.		Presenter:
Nunatak Plant Communities at Kenai Fjords and Lake Clark National Parks  Marine Nearshore Monitoring at Katmai National Park  Landscape Changes and Lake Productivity  Correlation of Lake Basins as Revealed by Tephra Deposits in Lake Clark National Park  Landsat-based Monitoring of Vegetation in the Southwest Alaska Network  Tree-ring Construction of Historic Insect Outbreaks  IKONOS High-resolution Satellite Imagery of SWAN Parks  Amy Miller  Jim Bodkin  Brian Cohn  Matt Bowes  Robert Kenner  Rosemary Shall Sha		Torre Jorgenson Amy Miller Jim Bodkin Brian Cohn

The Southwest Alaska Inventory & Monitoring Network (SWAN) is an office of the National Park Service dedicated to providing the scientific foundation for effective, long-term protection and management of natural resources in five units of the national park system.

Resource inventories inform park managers about the diversity of the resources held in trust and long-term monitoring provides information on the condition of natural resources and how they are changing. Collectively, this information will allow park managers and others to make informed decisions in support of protecting and managing national parks.

Montane-nesting Birds in Katmai and Lake Clark National Parks



Dan Ruthrauff